

BEDFORD



GAZETTE

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ESTABLISHED IN 1803

CLASS OF 1909

Interesting Program Rendered by Graduates at

ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT

Of the Bedford High School—Orations, Recitations, Music—Assembly Hall in Green and White.

Assembly Hall, beautifully decorated in green and white, the colors of the class of '09, was well filled Tuesday evening when the school officials, teachers and members of the class took their places upon the rostrum to participate in the twentieth annual commencement of the Bedford High School. After prayer by Rev. J. Albert Eyler, pastor of St. John's Reformed Church, and the singing of the class song, an excellent program was presented, the orations being appended.

Miss L. D. Shuck presided at the piano. The recitations, Bernice and the Christian Girl, Marcia by Miss Winifred Armstrong, and Cherokee Roses by Miss Carrie Milburn were enthusiastically applauded. The clarinet solo—Long, Long Ago—by Harry Koontz, and the vocal solo—Who Knows?—by Miss Georgia Beckley were well rendered and well received. The History and Prophecy by Miss Beckley showed much originality.

Salutatory

J. Egbert Imler, who delivered the welcome address, is a son of Ex-Sheriff Joseph P. Imler of Osterburg. The subject of his oration was "Enduring Monuments."

Kind friends, it is my pleasant duty to welcome you to these, our commencement exercises. We rejoice in the completion of our high school course and have taken great pleasure in preparing this program. Your presence is gratifying to us and therefore, in behalf of the class, I extend to you a most cordial welcome.

From the earliest periods of history man has been eager to perpetuate his deeds in lasting form. As an evidence, tribes and nations have erected structures whereby posterity may learn. These structures may bear record of heroic deeds in the chase or upon the field of battle, or they may reflect the customs of common life. The Egyptians have erected temples and pyramids where man may read in hieroglyphics the history of an ancient civilization. Greece and Rome, in their day of progress, built temples studded with massive pillars, engraving their laws and triumphs in enduring marble and bronze. Modern nations, no less eager to transmit for future enlightenment and benefit the memory of their works, have reared edifices that are as enduring as the structures of old.

All these are monuments which perpetuate the memory not only of the builders but of civilizations long before them. To the spectator they appear enduring and will no doubt stand the wear of time. Future generations will look upon them as marvelous works. But while they appear to be lasting in form and material, are we justified in saying they are enduring, when we know that in course of time they will return to dust as did the monuments of old, and new monuments shall spring up to perpetuate the name of new civilizations and the deeds of their heroes? These in turn shall suffer the ravages of the elements. If stone and marble are destined to crumble and decay, can we not find more enduring monuments than these?

When the statues and pillars have toppled over and the events for which they stood are forgotten, there remains in the mind of man the memory of the deeds of his race, which he embodies in a glorious literature that survives the crumbling stone which has perpetuated them. In the libraries of the world we may read and enjoy the thoughts of ages, which have been handed down to us and which bear record of remote times and events. The literature of the past is studied and enjoyed by each generation and it stands as a lasting monument of the deeds of man. But as civilizations have passed from the face of the earth so shall their literature go down in oblivion. The memory of its benefactors and their deeds will be forgotten and, like other material monuments, new civilizations will spring up, new literatures will be conceived, and each shall in their turn be forgotten.

While stone and metal, civilizations and literature shall serve their time, where shall we look for enduring monuments? As all these are transitory, the spirit which they represent lives on. Washington and Lincoln have rendered a service to their land and we honor them in many tangible forms. Their praises will be recorded in story and song for a long time. But when the people forget to pay this homage of respect, is there not something in their lives which shall still live on? Long after their portraits have been defaced and the marble shafts and bronze statues have decayed, when even their names are forgotten, their deeds will be with the world and shall stand as the monuments which time can never efface.

(continued on fourth page)

MONTHLY MEETING OF COUNCIL

Ordinance Taxing Hacks and Autos Passed.

Monday evening the regular monthly meeting of the Borough Council was held. The following bills were paid:

Electric Light Company, \$168.92; H. G. Davidson, Treasurer, tax on loans, \$8; water, \$66; Davidson Lumber Company, \$9.20; Gazette Publishing Company, \$17.15; Inquirer Printing Company, 50c; H. E. Miller, balance on salary, \$3; Davidson Brothers, pipe, \$8.21; James Crouse, salary, \$40; S. W. Shafer, salary, \$40; William Thomas, salary and burying dogs and chickens, \$9.50. Total, \$370.48.

The Treasurer reported a balance of \$606.77 in the water fund and a deficit of \$91.11 in the borough fund. \$47.84 was received from the tax collector and \$13.80 from the Burgess for fines and licenses; \$6 being collected from the latter date during April.

On motion of Councilmen Blackburn and Rinard, Burgess Corle was commended for the position taken to enforce the observance of Sunday laws. An ordinance taxing hacks and autos was passed. A plan submitted by C. E. Collins, engineer, for a proposed sewerage and sewage plant was adopted and the secretary ordered to forward the same to the State Department for approval.

Not a Boys' Deal

A transfer of real estate was made in Bedford on Wednesday involving, we are reliably informed, about \$100,000. The land, about 700 acres, all underlaid with coal, is located in Monongalia and Whetzel Counties, W. Va.

The tract is part of the coal land holdings of A. B. Egolf and Patrick Hughes, of Bedford, Oscar D. Doty of Everett and H. L. Smathers of DuBois, and the transfer was made to Hon. J. C. Work, Francis Rock, Peter E. Shepard and B. J. Tuit, of Uniontown.

The last named, a prince of good fellows, transacted the business for the Uniontown capitalists.

The local investors have other coal land holdings in Whetzel and Marion Counties, W. Va., and in Greene County, Pa.

W. C. T. U. Organizer Coming

The Woman's Christian Temperance Union of Bedford has appointed Mrs. W. F. White chairman of a committee to arrange for Mrs. James B. Masters of Pittsburg to come in the county, for the Pennsylvania Women's Temperance Union, for the purpose of organizing.

She will begin her work in Saxton today, in the Opera House, and will be at the following places on the dates mentioned: Loysburg, May 8; Woodbury, May 9; Schellsburg, May 12; Mama's Choice May 13; Pleasantville, May 16; Bedford, May 17, and Rainsburg, May 18.

In Flourishing Condition

The annual congregational meeting of St. John's Reformed Church was held Monday evening, May 3, at which time a reception was tendered to the 28 members who have united with the church since the first of May, 1908. The report of the treasurer, Elder J. Scott Corle, showed a flourishing condition, a surplus of more than \$300 being found in the several treasuries, while the expenses of the congregation were \$400 more than during the previous year. J. Scott Corle and E. M. Pennell were elected trustee elders, E. M. Baker and John Clark, trustee deacons. The salary of the pastor was increased \$150.

Deeds Recorded

J. F. L. Elliott to Louis Saupp, trustee, two tracts in East St. Clair; \$700.

John Kinney to L. R. Kinney, lot in Schellsburg; \$50.

Adam Snyder to Cambria Iron Company, tract in Hopewell Township; nominal.

John F. Leonard, by Sheriff, to B. F. Madore, 95 acres in Bedford Township; \$1,200.

Anna N. Foor, by Sheriff, to Albert F. Foor, six acres in East Providence; \$200.

Anna M. Gochour to D. R. Hoenstine, 1.4 acres in Kimmell; \$550.

Josiah Miller to David Lybarger, tract in Londonderry; \$62.

G. W. Lybarger, by Admr., to Ella V. Yutzy, 208 acres in same; \$1,400.

Joseph W. Booty to Susan Zimmerman, lot in Bedford; \$1,000.

Jacob H. Latshaw to George B. Hoover, lot in Woodbury; \$56.

B. S. Fletcher, by Sheriff, to Jo. W. Tate, tract in Bedford Township; \$50.

The following tracts in Bedford Township were transferred to Albert F. Dively: Bruce R. Sill, 25 acres, \$200; John Anderson, 55 acres, \$1,105; John C. Fletcher, 14 acres, \$125; Jacob V. Dively, by Exrs., 50 acres, \$133; Sarah Imler, 159 acres, \$6,550.

Thomas E. Kidwell to William F. Shaw, 142 acres in Harrison; \$4,000.

Jacob Latshaw, by administrator, to Frank Bolger, two lots in Woodbury; \$2,000.

Andrew J. Steckman to Roy W. Hockenberry, 23 acres in Monroe; \$160.

Death of a Child

Genevieve, little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Will, died at the home of her parents on West Pitt Street Sunday, May 2, aged 18 months. The child had measles, pneumonia developing later.

Besides the parents, two sisters survive. The funeral was held at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning in St. Thomas' Catholic Church, Rev. Father Downes officiating. Interment in the new cemetery.

MENTIONED IN BRIEF

Town Talk and Neighborhood Notes Tersely Told

MANY ITEMS OF INTEREST

Gleaned From Various Sources Little Points Picked Up By Vigilant Reporters

The Alumni Banquet will be given at the Corle House next Tuesday evening, May 11.

An article on page three will no doubt prove interesting to some of our correspondents.

School closed on Tuesday and the children are already planning for happy vacation days.

Miss Grace G. Filler of Rainsburg assisted in the Register and Recorder's office several days this week.

A number of the Borough Ordinances will be found in this issue of the Gazette. It would be well to read them.

Huntingdon will have an "Old Home Week" celebration September 5 to 11. Great preparations are being made for the event.

The baccalaureate sermon delivered by Rev. Dr. Culler in Assembly Hall last Sunday evening will be found in full on page two of this issue.

Miss Dorothy Donahoe is quite ill with measles and pleurisy. Mrs. D. W. Beam, Mrs. Samuel Gilchrist, and Mrs. John Beemiller are also reported as victims of measles.

The regular meeting of Major William Watson Post 332, G. A. R., of Bedford will be held on Tuesday, May 11, at 1:30 p. m. A full turn out is desired. Josiah Hissong, Adj't.

A post card shower was tendered Henry Kinsey at his home near Helixville on Friday, April 30, it being the twenty-first anniversary of his birth. He was the recipient of about forty-nine post cards.

Last Friday Sheriff Dodson took two men to the Western Penitentiary, Allegheny, who were sentenced at the recent term of court, John Marshall for one year and John Kovic for two years.

The Walnut Grove campmeeting will be held this year from August 6 to 15. Rev. F. W. McGuire of Saxton is the General Manager. A number of tents are to be present.

The camp promises to be the largest in the history of this, one of the oldest camp grounds in the state.

Mr. Ellen Horne returned from Pittsburgh Tuesday evening, where they were called by the illness of the former's daughter, Mrs. Elsie Fitzgerald. They were accompanied by Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald and a nurse and it is hoped the change will be beneficial.

Mark Gilchrist delightfully entertained a number of his friends at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Gilchrist, West Pitt Street, Wednesday evening. The feature of the evening was a dance, which was largely enjoyed by all. Dauntless refreshments were served. All report having had a fine time.

Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Robison, Mr. J. M. Burley, wife and son will leave Bedford tomorrow morning to attend the air brake convention to be held in Richmond, Va., May 11 to 15. They will also visit Fortress Monroe, Washington and Fredericksburg, from which place they will go over the battlefields of the Wilderness and Cold Harbor.

Mrs. Harriet E. Sansom, who is in Altoona with her daughter, Mrs. W. G. Rook, celebrated her 80th birthday anniversary last Sunday. She was the recipient of some pretty gifts and a pleasing incident of the day was a post card shower of over one hundred cards. Mrs. Sansom bears the weight of her years well and she has the best wishes of many friends.

An observatory party was given by Professor and Mrs. A. T. G. Apple to the members and their wives of the three faculties, Franklin and Marshall College, the Theological Seminary, and Academy, last Saturday evening.

It was a bright, clear evening and the great telescope of the observatory was put to good use in examining the moon and the planet Jupiter, adding a unique pleasure to the enjoyment of the evening, which was largely of a social character.

Moll Granted New Trial

The Superior Court recently handed down an opinion in the case of the Commonwealth vs. Florence Hassler and D. C. Moll, who were convicted in the Franklin County courts some time ago on a serious charge. Both were former residents of this place, the latter being proprietor of a photographic gallery.

The findings of the Superior Court were: In the case of Florence Hassler, the local court is affirmed. In the case of D. C. Moll, the court is reversed. The judges dissented and a new trial was granted. The case will likely be tried in September.

Marriage Licenses

George C. Maugle and Elizabeth Gamber of Riddlesburg; David Brown of Lovely and Hattie Allison of Favia.

John H. Biddle

John H. Biddle, father of Rev. F. W. Biddle of this place, died Monday, May 3, at the home of his daughter in Tyrone, aged 87 years, two months and 10 days. He is survived by seven children. Rev. Biddle was present at the funeral.

Besides the parents, two sisters survive. The funeral was held at 10 o'clock Tuesday morning in St. Thomas' Catholic Church, Rev. Father Downes officiating. Interment in the new cemetery.

MINERS AND OPERATORS MEET

To Determine Wage Scale—No Conclusion Reached.

The operators and representative miners of the Broad Top bituminous coal field met in convention in the Barnett building at this place on Friday to canvass the question of a scale of wages for the ensuing year. The meeting was called by order of Patrick Gilday, president of the United Mine Workers of this district, but on account of being detained elsewhere Mr. Gilday was not present. He was represented by Vice President James Purcell and National Board Member, Thomas Haggerty. Practically a full representation of operators was present and 12 Local Unions were represented by about 80 delegates. A number of miners, superintendents and foremen were also present.

A session was held in the forenoon, and a short session, attended only by the operators and delegates, was held in the afternoon. Addresses were made by officers and operators, but neither side presented a formulated demand and the discussion was along general lines as applicable to the Broad Top region and its position in the competitive market.

The only suggestion that approached a possible demand was from the miners' side, when the question was asked the operators if a reduction of 10 or 15 cents a ton in the price of mining would guarantee steady work. No reply was made to this. The operators contend that at 65 cents a ton for mining and the additional pay for dead work, Broad Top coal stands little show in the markets in competition with the output in larger veined fields and the cheap fields of the South.

The miners did not feel at liberty to go outside the rate fixed by the Altoona convention, so there was no agreement arrived at, and the matter stands the same as on April 1, when the present scale expired, and the mines have been idle. There are about 2,000 miners idle in the Broad Top field.—Saxton Herald.

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Atty. B. F. Madore was in Uniontown and the guest of his brother, several days this week.

Mr. Fred Sammel of Woodbury, N. J., spent Saturday and Sunday with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Sammel, near Bedford.

Rev. H. B. Townsend arrived in Bedford last night, having just returned from a three months' tour of foreign lands.

Misses Roxie Fink and Ruth Bossler of Saxton, were recent guests of Miss Vesta Brightbill and Miss Maude Naus, at this place.

Messrs. G. R. Egolf of Mann's Choice and S. E. Ritchey of near Rainsburg; Mrs. Douglass Clapper, Mrs. David Funk, and Miss Susan of Tatesville, and Gideon of Fenton County.

The funeral was held yesterday morning at the late home, Rev. J. W. Lingle conducting the services.

FELL FROM ROOF

Samuel Ritchey of Tatesville Instantly Killed.

While repairing a chimney on his residence at Tatesville on Monday, May 2, Samuel Ritchey fell from the roof, a distance of fifteen feet, breaking his neck. His wife had nothing of his whereabouts until she saw his body pass the window and strike the ground. She hurried to his side and raising his head,

DR. M. L. CULLER

Delivered Excellent Sermon Sunday
Evening to the

GRADUATING CLASS OF '09

"We Need the Common Schools and What They Need"—Large Audience Present.

"Wisdom is the principal thing; therefore get wisdom; and with all thy getting get understanding," Prov. 4: 7.

A bar of iron, worth \$5, worked into horseshoes, is worth \$10; made into penknife blades it is worth \$400; wrought into needles it is worth \$3,000; made into balance-springs for watches it is worth \$250,000. This is a fitting illustration of the educated in comparison with the uneducated; and also indicates the degrees of education.

The true aim, and purpose of education is the formation of character. This means the harmonious development of all our faculties—the intellectual and moral; perception, reason, judgment, and conscience. In other words, the intellect, the sensibilities and the will.

But the whole aim is and must be

development of true character. And

true character rests on the basis of

morality. And morality, if it has

true life and vitality, must be per-

meated with religion. We must have

religious morality. No country can

exist and promote the prosperity and

happiness of all the people without

morality. We need not only to

get wisdom, but also to get

understanding—understanding to

know what the will of God is, which

is the highest happiness of man in

this life and in the life to come. This

happiness can be secured to us only

as we live in harmony with God's

will. Therefore, I say that morality

must be based on the principles of re-

ligion—an understanding of and

meeting our obligations both to God

and man.

Therefore, the church must never relinquish her legitimate place in the leadership of progress in our country, if it is to be prosperous and happy. The church, in the beginning of our history as a nation, which has been glorious, was one of the two potent factors in the formation of American civilization. The common schools was the other potent factor. Our national forefathers had both wisdom and understanding, therefore they planted, so to speak, the church and school house side by side. The one did not exist without the other, and woe to our civilization and our country's welfare, if these two friendly allies of our country's happiness are ever separated by senseless jealousy and foolish rivalry.

For if we have religion without true education—the power to reason, to think, to form correct judgment—the result is likely to be superstition and fanaticism. And people then may be led to do very absurd, extravagant, even immoral and wicked things, in the name of religion and may even imagine they are doing God service. On the other hand, if we have education without a true morality, founded on religion—a sense of duty to God and man, we are liable to have skepticism, infidelity, and consequent immorality.

Never was there a time in our country's history when it was so important and urgent as now that the thinking, the judgment, and actions of the masses of the people must be governed by true morality; because in the vagaries of superficial minds there is a thoughtless purpose to separate all religious or Christian morality from education in the common schools and in all state schools—to make the education entirely godless, or agnostic.

The current in this direction is strong. The age is critical. The spirit of the age is aggressive but largely superficial. If this aggressive spirit is not properly controlled and guided, great injury will be done to soundness of morals and civic righteousness; and the foundations of social order and virtue will be undermined. We witness the sad fruits of this godless, superficial thinking in faulty and iniquitous legislation, in social impurity, in commercial and business dishonesty, in political and domestic corruption.

It was possible to secure social order and obedience to law, and foster patriotism among the ancient pagan nations, such as the Egyptians, Babylonians, Persians, Greeks and Romans, only as their wise men, poets, philosophers, and their statesmen taught a proper reverence for their deities and the practice of their religions. The fear of their gods and the sanctions of their religions were necessary to enforce obedience to law. When their religion was neglected their morals became more and more depraved, political corruption followed, social order was destroyed, and their national existence ceased.

If this proposition is true, and it

WEAK KIDNEYS MAKE WEAK BODIES

Kidney Diseases Cause Half the Common Aches and Ills of Bedford People.

As one weak link weakens a chain, so weak kidneys weaken the whole body and hasten the final breaking down.

Overwork, strains, colds and other causes injure the kidneys, and when their activity is lessened the whole body suffers from the excess of uric acid circulated in the blood.

Aches and pains and languor and urinary ills come, and there is an ever-increasing tendency towards diabetes and fatal Bright's Disease. There is no real help for the sufferer except kidney help.

Doan's Kidney Pills act directly on the kidneys and cure every kidney ill.

No need to take the statement of someone living far away as evidence.

Here's a case right in this locality.

Mrs. Josiah Cook, First Ave., Hyndman, Pa., says: "About a year ago I had a severe attack of Kidney disease and lumbago. A constant, dull pain across the small of my back made it almost impossible for me to attend to my housework and my general health was run down. I finally began using Doan's Kidney Pills and I obtained so much benefit from the first box that I continued until I received complete relief. I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills, teachers who have a true sense of their responsibilities to God and the immortal souls of the youth under their training and influence for about ten years of their lives and for an average of eight months of each of those years.

What vast opportunities and solemn responsibilities are in the hands of teachers for good or evil! Good

teachers always feel they are educating themselves while teaching others; and where this feeling is not

found the power to educate others is lost. The teacher's value consists more in what the teacher is, than in what he knows. There are men

whose minds are veritable encyclopedias and yet have no capacity for teaching; they lack the personality, the enthusiasm, and tact to enter into the mental and moral feelings of their pupils and quicken their interest.

This is an age prolific in methods and systems and theories in education. Some of these methods are so complicated as to make the teacher a mere operator to run a machine without special interest on the part of the teacher except to see that the machine is well lubricated and kept in running order. This destroys the personal factor in education, which is far more important than much learning.

The purpose of education is not simply to store the mind with the subjects of study, but to develop the power to think and meet the responsibilities of life. The purpose of education is not to make a show of abilities.

The craving for notoriety and applause is a morbid feeling and shows want of refinement. To appear to be what we are not is dishonesty. They are happy, indeed, who know their real merit and are not distressed, nor care to know what others may think or say. They know the truth and the truth has made them free. It is greater and nobler to desire to be right and do right, than to be the president of the United States. When it was suggested to Henry Clay by some of his political friends that he could be elected president of the United States by certain dishonorable schemes, his noble reply was: "I would rather be right than be president."

The Subjects of Study

While the course of study should be as extended and liberal as possible, the common branches should by no means or in any manner be neglected for more pretentious studies, in which the limited time, the youth, and unpreparedness of the scholar forbid much profit. There never must be a dispute or question in the minds of the teachers and scholars, or school directors, as to which or the common branches are of greater or less importance. The aim must be thoroughness. We dare not neglect one for the other.

This is finely illustrated by a little parable given by an intelligent and cultured lady, as follows: "One evening I was sitting quietly in my room, in deep thought, when I heard a confused noise among a collection of school books. I soon found it was a strife among them which should be

the betterment of the condition of the distressed and suffering masses of mankind.

General Booth of the Salvation Army is a notable example of far-sighted and consecrated imagination. I have said as much as I have concerning the imagination because there are some people so exceedingly

impressive as to think that the imagination has no place in education.

Teachers, teachers and speakers without imagination are always as dry as dust.

The common schools need the best

teachers, good men and women in the

highest and truest sense—teachers

possessed not only with sufficient in-

tellectual training but with strong

moral and religious convictions—

teachers who have a true sense of

their responsibilities to God and the

immortal souls of the youth under

their training and influence for about

ten years of their lives and for an

average of eight months of each of

those years.

"Stop, vain boaster," exclaimed

geography. "Who could know the

countries of the world, the great di-

visions of the earth, the divisions of

land and water, if it were not for me?

"Enough, my friend," said natural

science, "If it were not for me who

could understand why the apples

fall to the ground and do not fall up-

wards, out of the reach of the boys

and girls? Who could understand

the law of gravitation or any of the

laws of nature? Who could tell us

about steam, electricity, or any other

natural servants of mankind?"

"That will do," said English

grammar. "How could you know

how to speak and write correctly

your own language without me? I

stand for the honor and correct use

of our own mother tongue."

"At last a little blue-backed, mod-

est spelling-book had its opportunity

to say a word. 'You know,' it said,

'I am not the least among you, though I speak last. I am really

first. Were it not for me—for these

26 letters—not one of you could have

existence. To me you owe all your

greatness.' They all hung their

heads under this just and well-de-

served rebuke." I would therefore

urge all teachers and scholars not to

forget or slight the spelling-book.

It is always a lamentable reflection

on our common schools when gradu-

ates who obtain positions as type-

writers, clerks, and the like, and

their employers are grieved and pro-

voked to find that some of these

graduates in their employ are very

defective in spelling the words of

their own language.

EDUCATION WORTH MORE THAN MONEY

Lack of money may often be sup-

plied but the want of an educated

mind and heart cannot be. Money

may be stolen, the value of property

may be largely diminished, and peo-

ple are often deprived of their money

by unwise investments or by fraud;

education can never be lost. The

money we owe often enslaves us. The

money we have may corrupt us and

make us selfish and cold-hearted;

true education always ennobles and

elevates.

Our text tells us "wisdom, or edu-

cation, is the principal thing." "For

wisdom is better than rubies; and all

the things that may be desired are

not to be compared to her." "My

fruit is better than gold, yea, than

much fine gold, and my revenue than

choice silver."

Abraham Lincoln once said to a

Senator in Washington that he had

no great admiration for mere finan-

cial success." "For financial success,"

said he, "is purely metallic. The

man who attains it is likely to have

four metallic attributes—gold in his

palm, silver on his tongue, brass in

his face, and iron in his heart." These

are very wise, sententious words. He

whose main hope is that he shall die

rich has begun to dig the grave of his

noble faculties. What we strive for

most is the test of our civilization.

If material ends are our ideals we are

not better than barbarians; we are

not civilized, and christianized.

When we, or any nation of people,

are not able to

CORRESPONDENTS

A Few Hints Which Will Prove Valuable.

Following are a few hints which, if attention is paid to them, will be a great help and time and labor-saver to us and will no doubt prove valuable to our correspondents:

Write the name of the town in the middle at the top of the first page.

Don't abbreviate days, months, etc.

Don't write on both sides of the sheet.

Don't crowd the lines too close together, we often have to make corrections.

Don't fail to leave an inch of space at the top of the sheet.

Don't forget to number each page.

Don't report visits among neighbors, give us real news.

Don't capitalise everything, remember the rules of grammar.

"Boil" the items down, but state facts.

Give the places of residence of the visitors in your community; also the towns where your neighbors are visiting—many forget these essentials.

When you are out of stationery, advise us.

Should an accident or death of a prominent person occur late in the week get it to us by phone, if possible.

We go to press late Thursday afternoon. Communications received on the late trains cannot be published that week.

Woods Liver Medicine is a liver regulator which brings quick relief to sick headache, constipation, biliousness and other symptoms of liver disorders. Particularly recommended for Jaundice, Chills, Fever, Malaria. The \$1 size contains 2½ times as much as the 50c size. Sold by Ed. D. Heckerman.

CASLORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

If you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver trouble as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse your system, which is what everyone needs in the spring in order to feel well. Ed. D. Heckerman.

RECIPES

Black Chocolate Cake

Two cups flour, one and one-half cups sugar, one-half cup butter, one-half cup sour milk, two eggs, one teaspoon of soda, one teaspoon vanilla. Add at least two dessert spoons of cocoa. Stir cocoa to a paste in one-half cup of boiling water. Add this to the mixture and bake, and when cold frost with cocoa mocha frosting. This is fine.

For Pie Crust

To make better pie crust and pastry, flaky and delicious, than you ever made on the old-fashioned coal range, you should, if you have a gas range, heat your oven for a full ten minutes before beginning to bake. Your heat is direct and certain and a hot oven will not only bake your pastry quickly, but will make it crisp and light and absolutely prevent sogginess or toughness.

Cocoanut Butter Drops

One cup sugar, one-half cup butter, thoroughly blended. Add two eggs, one-half cup milk, one teaspoon vanilla, two level teaspoons baking powder sifted with two cups flour, and last, one cup shredded cocoanut. To have a very palatable change you could add cinnamon and ginger. Drop a spoonful on buttered tin, and bake in a good hot oven. These are certainly good.

MANY A DAY IS SPOILED

By a cough which cannot be broken by ordinary remedies. But why not try a medicine that will cure any cough that any medicine can cure? That is Kemp's Balsam. It is recommended by doctors and nurses, and it costs only 25 cents at any druggist's or dealer's. Keep a bottle always in the house and you will always be prepared to treat a cold or cough before it causes any suffering at all.

Feathers and Eggshells

When your birds are sick and you find lice on them, don't jump to the conclusion that lice did it all. Lice do not suck blood. They simply eat feathers and skin scruff and crawl. A good dust bath is their finish.

A fancier who exhibits borrowed birds is a trickster. Lending birds to a fancier to increase his entry to win a cup this year on condition that he lend you his birds to win next year is simply a conspiracy to defraud. The rule is, "Every exhibitor must own his birds." Better, every exhibitor must breed and own his birds.

If you plaster your poultry house be sure to supply your chickens with oyster shell; otherwise they eat the plaster off the wall. Leghorns are experts at it.

Farmers, mechanics, railroaders, laborers rely on Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Takes the sting out of cuts, burns or bruises at once. Pain cannot stay where it is used.

The Modesty of Women

Naturally makes them shrink from the indecent questions, the obnoxious examinations, and unpleasant local treatments, which some physicians consider essential in the treatment of diseases of women. Yet, if help can be had, it is better to submit to this ordeal than let the disease grow and spread. The trouble is that so often the woman undergoes all the annoyance and shame for nothing. Thousands of women who have been cured by Dr. Neric's Favorite Prescription write in appreciation of the cure which dispenses with the examinations and local treatments. There is no other medicine so sure and safe for delicate women as "Favorite Prescription." It cures debilitating drains, irregularity and female weakness. It always helps. It almost always cures. It is strictly non-alcoholic, non-secret, all its ingredients being printed on its bottle-wrapper; contains no deleterious or habit-forming drugs, and every native medicinal root entering into its composition has the full endorsement of those most eminent in the several schools of medical practice. Some of these numerous and strongest of professional endorsements of its ingredients, will be found in a pamphlet wrapped around the bottle, also in a booklet mailed free on request, by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y. These professional endorsements should have far more weight than any amount of the ordinary lay, or non-professional testimonials.

The most intelligent women nowadays insist on knowing what they take as medicine instead of opening their mouths like a lot of young birds and gulping down whatever is offered them. "Favorite Prescription" is of known composition. It makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., 21 one-cent stamps for per-covered or 21 stamps for sloth-bound. If sick consult the Doctor, free of charge by letter. All such communications are held sacredly confidential.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets Invigorate and regulate stomach, liver and bowels.

Hyndman

[Held over from last week.] April 28—Jasper Miller of Pittsburgh is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Miller.

John L. Fichtner and son Harry, of Palo Alto, paid relatives a call here Saturday.

F. J. Carpenter, Esq., is having a slate roof put on his residence.

Mrs. Marguerite Kreigline left today for Pittsburgh, where she will visit her sister.

Mrs. Bond and son Arthur, of Frostburg, spent Sunday here with friends.

Frank Rush, who has been ill for several weeks, is improving.

Mrs. Joseph Kreigline returned yesterday from Pittsburgh, where she had been called by the illness of her daughter.

Miss Nellie Leonard is at home now, she having been attending school at Oxford, O.

W. H. Weller of Garrett attended the commencement exercises, his son being a graduate.

Miss Amanda Burket is spending a few days in Pittsburgh.

The baccalaureate sermon to the High School graduates by Rev. D. N. Dittmer was largely attended.

Miss Anna Meyers is visiting relatives in Scottsdale.

Mrs. Catherine Luman has returned from Cumberland, where she had been visiting her son.

The members and friends of the Methodist Church held a reception for their new pastor, Rev. J. H. Jeffries, this evening in the church.

John Burket is having the old band house on Schenksburg Street remodeled for a dwelling. His son will occupy it when completed.

Everybody is likely to have kidney and bladder trouble. In fact nearly everybody has some trouble of this kind. That is the reason why you so often have pains in the back and groin, scalding sensation, urinary disorders, etc.—that's your kidneys. The best thing to do is to get some of DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills right away. Take them for a few days or a week or so and you will feel all right. In this way, too, you will ward off dangerous and possibly serious ailments. They are perfectly harmless, and are not only antiseptic, but allay pain quickly by their healing properties. Send your name to E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, for a free trial box. They are sold here by all druggists.

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Kidney Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and bladder, purifies the blood and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence today? Ed. D. Heckerman.

Woodbury

[Held over from last week.] April 28—H. K. Brown and family were Altoona visitors on Sunday. Mrs. Adam Baker was recently granted a patent on an invention which may prove profitable and we hope it will.

Henry Stayer and Edgar Guyer were home from Altoona over Sunday.

Miss Grace Nicodemus is on the sick list at present. Carl Bloom was an Altoona visitor last Saturday.

Rinchart and Cyrus Replogle were here last week to attend the funeral of Cleophas Stayer.

Lawrence Longenecker, Charles Shoemaker, D. B. Replogle and Charles Miller were at Martinsburg Friday evening and attended a meeting of the K. G. E.

Jacob Newcomer spent yesterday at the county seat.

After visiting relatives in this community and Altoona, Mrs. Edgar Ball has returned to her home at Bloomington, Ill.

Miss Lena and Lloyd Stayer spent yesterday at Martinsburg.

Mrs. Maggie Replogle is improving her residence by the addition of a porch.

Pincules are for Backache, and bring quick relief to lumbago, rheumatism, fatigue and all other symptoms of Kidney diseases. They are a tonic to the entire system and build up strength and health. Price 50c and \$1. Sold by Ed. D. Heckerman.

Don't think that piles can't be cured. Thousands of obstinate cases have been cured by Doan's Ointment. 50 cents at any drug store.

ALASKA EXPOSITION

Pennsylvania Day Will Be Appropriately Celebrated on August 16.

In the State of Washington are more than 6,000 former residents of Pennsylvania who are going to pull together to make Pennsylvania Day at the Alaska-Yukon-Pacific Exposition at Seattle this summer an event at the fair long to be remembered. It is true that Pennsylvanians are distance from Seattle, but the members of the Pennsylvania Society, an organization with 1,200 members, hope to make a fine showing on August 16, and arrangements are now being made to bring some men, prominent in the home state, to Seattle to deliver the address on Pennsylvania Day, August 16.

While Pennsylvania will not be represented at the exposition by a building and exhibits, the Pennsylvania Society will maintain headquarters at the exposition where Pennsylvanians visiting the fair will find a register containing the names of all former residents of that state now residing in Washington. This register will also show the county in which they lived in their native state.

With every prospect that the Liberty Bell will be sent to the Pacific coast for the Portland Rose Festival in June, and the exposition, the members of the Pennsylvania Society hope to have this historic relic take some part in the exercises on Pennsylvania Day at the fair.

So near complete is the exposition at this time that the buildings and grounds will be ready before the opening date, June 1, 1909.

Bilious? Feel heavy after dinner? Tongue coated? Bitter taste? Complexion sallow? Liver needs waking up. Doan's Regulets cure bilious attacks. 25 cents at any drug store.

Manzan Pile Remedy is put up in a tube with nozzle attached. May be applied directly to the affected parts. Guaranteed. Price 50c. Sold by Ed. D. Heckerman.

Welds a Copper Chain

George J. Henry, a blacksmith at Bellwood, believes he has solved the mystery of welding copper, known to the early Egyptians. He gave a demonstration to a number of friends in his shop, and welded copper link in a chain. The weld was as close as with iron or steel. The link was given several tests to prove its strength, which it stood very well.

He has been experimenting with copper for 35 years, and has perfected a process which he believes will stand every test. Of course, he zealously guards it.

A Modern Improvement

Three doctors were operating on a man for appendicitis. After the operation was completed one of the doctors missed a small sponge. The patient was reopened, the sponge found within, and the man sewed up again. Immediately the second doctor missed a needle. Again the patient was opened and closed. Then the third doctor missed a pair of scissors. "Gentlemen," said the victim as they were about to open him up again, "for heaven's sake, if you're going to keep this up, put buttons on me."

Success Magazine.

Everybody is likely to have kidney and bladder trouble. In fact nearly everybody has some trouble of this kind. That is the reason why you so often have pains in the back and groin, scalding sensation, urinary disorders, etc.—that's your kidneys. The best thing to do is to get some of DeWitt's Kidney and Bladder Pills right away. Take them for a few days or a week or so and you will feel all right. In this way, too, you will ward off dangerous and possibly serious ailments. They are perfectly harmless, and are not only antiseptic, but allay pain quickly by their healing properties. Send your name to E. C. DeWitt & Co., Chicago, for a free trial box. They are sold here by all druggists.

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Kidney Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and bladder, purifies the blood and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence today? Ed. D. Heckerman.

North American's Color Gravures Are Works of High Quality.

Quite the handsomest articles for home decoration that have yet been offered by a newspaper as inducements to its readers are the series of color art gravures now being distributed by The North American in exchange for a coupon from the Sunday paper and five cents.

A CARD

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opium. The genuine is in a yellow package. Ed. D. Heckerman.

SPLENDID PICTURE OFFER TO READERS

Three Millions Banked

During the "Easter harvest" at Atlantic City, more than a week, three millions of dollars in round numbers were banked in local depositories of the famous resort. It is said to be Atlantic City's greatest harvest.

A Wish

Just to lie there in the sun, all the day;

Where the sea-gulls go and come, at their play,

Just to watch the islands fair,

Wave-tossed islands hung in air,

Mid the flashing breakers there

On the bay.

Just to hear the drowsy murmur of the breeze,

Or to watch the sunlight flicker thro' the trees,

Just to look as in a dream

Where the white-winged vessels gleam,

Till like fairy ships them seem!

On the seas.

That is all the boon I ask, just to lie

Where the little foam-built clouds go

drifting by,

Just to watch them fade from view,

For a lazy hour or two,

Where the ocean meets the blue

of the sky.

—Low W. Smith, in The Outing Magazine for May.

DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the favorite little liver pill, gentle and sure. Sold by all druggists.

SCOTT'S EMULSION

stops loss of flesh in babies and children and in adults in summer as well as winter. Some people have gained a pound a day while taking it. Take it in a little cold water or milk. All Druggists

THE STANDARD OF THE WORLD

Opening for Women

The rage for souvenirs and gifts, "to take home to the folks," has made a splendid opening for women who can make dainty articles of almost any description. If this line of work appeals to you, no time is better than the present to start in it. First study well the thing you make best and can supply a large demand for. Then study localities. If you are a home body, perhaps you can start a booth in your own town. If you have the wandering spirit, branch out and go as far as you dare. You will enjoy the change of scene, the new faces and new experiences. Write to the big hotels or the management of summer resorts and find out what commission or rent they will charge. Do not expect they will allow you valuable space free of charge. They are furnishing you patrons and advertisement, and will expect you to pay therefor. Spend your utmost limit on a first-class location.

—"What Women Can Do to Earn Money," in The Ladies World for May.

Harseness, bronchitis and other throat troubles are

Bedford Gazette

ESTABLISHED IN 1805

S. A. VAN ORMER,
Editor and Publisher.

The Bedford Gazette is a model among county newspapers.—New York World

The Gazette is the leading newspaper of Bedford County and its circulation is far ahead of any of its contemporaries. As an advertising medium it is one of the best in this part of the state.

Regular subscription price per year \$2.00. If paid in advance \$1.50. Cards of Thanks, 50c; Resolutions, \$1.00.

All communications should be addressed to

Gazette Publishing Co.,
Bedford, Pa.

FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 7, 1909.

A TARDY RETURN

From the time it takes Prosperity to return she must have gone a great distance from us. We were told that the election of Mr. Taft would be sufficient to bring about normal business conditions; then we were told to patiently await his inauguration and all doubt would be dissipated by rapid industrial strides, but alas, it, too, failed—and the end is not yet. The extra session of Congress, called to revise the tariff, is at work—breaking the campaign pledge of the party in power while mills remain closed and unemployed workmen walk the streets hungry or, unmindful of the "canon of the Everlasting" against self-slaughter," end their deplorable condition by their own hands.

In this country, though but a small section of it is devoted to mining, there are now more than 2,000 who would gladly dig into the earth for coal lying idle, and half as many more if iron workers, to say nothing of those engaged in other pursuits under normal conditions.

A TARIFF WEATHER VANE

The first amendment to the Aldrich tariff bill adored in the Senate is a return to the McKinley rate. It was to raise the duty from 2½ to 3½ cents per pound, as provided in the House measure, an increase of about 20 per cent., on orange mineral.

This is, of course, in the interest of the lead trust alone but it shows all too clearly the drift of the Senate under trust influences and gives us warning of what may be expected to happen to other schedules as they in turn come up for consideration. The people of the country are now beginning to see what it means to have a tariff "revised by its friends."

This sort of revision is a deliberate breaking of the Republican pledge to the nation, and many Republican papers of national standing whose throats are not held by trust engineers are traveling on rails of honor and condemning our national bodies of law makers for the "party perfidy" that is being revealed. Even the Philadelphia Press, rock-ribbed in Republicanism, said editorially yesterday:

Changes made should be chiefly downwards, and a broad change is wise if conservative in character and sufficient protection is retained to meet the differences between labor here and abroad and furnish American manufacturers a fair profit.

When the Senate tariff wiped out the reduction in the duty on carpet wools in the Payne tariff the restoration of the old and heavy duty on this raw material worked directly against the carpet industry of Philadelphia. This duty needs lower duties on wool, cotton, iron ore, tree hides and free lumber. Philadelphia is Protection to the core, but it is for the protection that widens markets and increases the demand for labor and not for an advance in duties, which narrows both.

"The tide will turn, the people will not always stand for the breaking of pledges made in platforms. They will do, and as representatives in state and nation men who not only do not break personal pledges," but men who will keep political promises," are to be present and urge the passage of bills because "they were it," whether the "they" is the legislature of a state, machine or a great trust, capable of "deadlocking" incidents which might otherwise be outside of golden conduct.

Wolfsburg M. E. Charge

Preaching services next Sunday, May 10 at Wolfsburg 10 a. m., followed by the Communion service; then, in 2:30 p. m., and Rainsburg 7:30 p. m. All cordially invited to attend.

Albert S. Luring, Pastor.

CLASS OF 1909
(Continued From First Page.)

Not to every man are there erected monuments by his fellowman, but every man erects monuments that are enduring beyond the ravages of time, just in proportion as he lives a life that is fraught with deeds that make for truth and right. In common life there are men who withstand the pangs and slurs of criticizing tongues while they make their stand for justice. These men may pass away and be forgotten, yet the principles which they instilled by their lives remain as lasting monuments in the hearts and works of generations which follow.

We need not be missed if our lives have been wanting.

As their summer and autumn moved silently on;

The bloom, and the fruit and the seed of its season,

We shall still be remembered by what we have done.

Not ourselves, but the truth that in life we have spoken,

Not ourselves, but the seeds that in life we have sown,

Shall pass on to ages all about us forgotten.

Save the truths we have spoken, the things we have done.

So let our living be, so let our dying, So let our names be unblazoned, unknown,

Unpraised and unmissed, we shall still be remembered,

Yes, but remembered by what we have done.

Needs there the praise of the love written records,

The names and the epitaphs graved on the stone;

The things we have lived for—let them be our story,

We, ourselves, but remembered by what we have done.

A Portion of History

Charles Wesley Stern is a son of Mrs. Sarah V. Stern of East John Street, Bedford. He reviewed the history of the public schools of this place from the erection of the present building.

As this building was erected in 1859 it, therefore, seems appropriate that we should celebrate its bi-centennial this evening by giving a brief sketch of the progress of education in and around Bedford. Education in Bedford made very little progress before 1834, when a law was passed by the state for the establishment of a Free School System, and as many of the people in our county severely denounced the law several years elapsed before its provisions were carried into effect.

The first school established in Bedford was the Bedford Academy, which was incorporated March 20, 1810, by an Act of the Legislature. The management of this school was vested in eight trustees and an appropriation of \$2,000 was received from the state, one-half to be used in erecting a building and buying supplies, the other half to be a permanent fund; the income of which should be used in the education of the poor children. Rev. James Wilson was the first principal and as he was an excellent scholar the school became widely celebrated and attracted pupils from the neighboring counties and Maryland.

Our present system of public schools was adopted between 1835 and 1840. Then, in accordance with an Act of Assembly, a school board was elected and free schools were established in our town. The history of the growth of free education in Bedford is very interesting. At first, three districts were established, buildings were leased and equipped by the school board and in some cases by the teachers. Teachers were employed at a salary of \$25 a month and were allowed an additional \$5 per month if they furnished a room in which to teach.

It was not till 25 years after the Free School System was adopted that the school board saw its way clear to build a school house of its own.

During these years, from 1834 to 1869, the children of the eastern district attended school in the old court house, those of the middle district in some room provided by the teacher, and those of the western district in a little brick school house on West Pitt Street. These were years of hard struggle, for the school teachers were paid small salaries and in many instances were poorly equipped. Many parents were too poor to furnish their children with books and the course of study was very unsystematic.

In 1859 the school board secured the present site and erected a four-room building upon it, known as the Union School Building. This centralized the schools of the town and made it possible to organize them. From this time on they made steady progress and to meet the growing demand the school board enlarged the building by adding the north and south wings and this spacious assembly hall.

This building stands as an evidence of the growth of the Free School System in our town. There is no edifice in this town that is referred to with as much pride by our citizens as this building. It meant much to students in former years to come here and learn and it has meant much to us who are now celebrating our commencement to have studied within its walls.

As the building has been enlarged, so the course of study has been extended. In the beginning the course of study implied only what is known as the common school branches, but today the student who finishes the course herein laid down goes out with a modest high school training. We are very grateful to those who have provided these means for our education and let us hope when another fifty years has elapsed the high school in Bedford will rank among the first in the state.

Mantle Oration

The member of the class chosen for this duty was Harry William Koontz, son of George Koontz of Bedford Township.

Classmates: One year ago we re-

ceived a mantle which signified that the honorable title and responsible labors of seniors were cast upon us. The time has come, tonight, when we must place this mantle on the shoulders of our successors. Hopes arise in us that they may honor it, yet we cannot but think how we honored it.

As a senior class, we have completed our course in triumph; we have been faithful and diligent students throughout the whole course. A high school course may lay the foundation of a successful life but does not, by any means, perfect it. Only life in the world can do that.

You recall the old fable of the king who built his grandest palace and was to occupy it on the morrow; but when the morrow came, the palace was a pile of ruins. "Woe is me," cried the king, "Who is guilty of this crime?" "There is no crime," replied the sage at his side, "For the mortar was made of sand and water only and the builders forgot to put in the lime." Thus if we, in our senior year, have forgotten or neglected to add the vital elements of education, our future rests uncertain.

It is true we can remedy certain omissions, but we shall never be as strong as if we had laid a solid foundation. But, having done our best, we relinquish this mantle and welcome it to the shoulders of our successors.

Members of the class of 1910: The class of 1909 has given you an example of how a senior class can conduct itself. We do not loudly profess that we have set for you a perfect example, nor is it obligatory upon your part, as a class, to do anything as did this class; but what good we have done we hope you may emulate, or, at least, equal it. And if we have been negligent or made mistakes in anything, we ask you to overlook that and be very careful not to get into those paths yourselves. But, above all, strive to conduct yourselves as seniors should and keep this mantle as spotless as you have received it.

This was responded to by Harold Weisel, in behalf of the class of 1910.

Valedictory

John Kay Manock, who won first honors of the class of 1909, spoke on "The Value of Opportunities" and concluded with a few words of fare well. He is the only son of James Manock of near Bedford and is between the ages of 15 and 16 years. Shakespeare said:

"There is a tide in the affairs of men, Which, taken at the flood, leads to fortune."

We may meet these tides accidentally, or we may bring them about through hard labor. As an illustration—it is generally understood that good petroleum oil was practically unknown before the year 1874, owing to the fact that it was refined by a very crude process.

Thousands, at the time, may have noticed this but one man, John D. Rockefeller, not only noticed it but used it advantageously and improved the method of refining it. Thus, by taking advantage of his opportunity, he helped practically every American family and also benefitted himself, for in twenty years this small refinery grew into the great Standard Oil Trust, increasing in value from one thousand to ninety million dollars.

On account of the fact that such opportunities as these are grasped by a few only, many people think that opportunities come to but the chosen ones. The ancients had greater faith in this belief than the people today, for we learn from ancient history that men consulted oracles to find out whether their projects would be aided by fortune and, when a man suffered from many misfortunes, he attributed it to the fact that he was born under an unlucky star. They also believed that success belonged only to the higher classes of society and should a rare character spring from a low caste, it was thought that he was especially favored by the gods.

But, as stated before, this belief is not as general as it formerly was for the world is beginning to realize that opportunities lie in the path of every man, and whatever walk of life he may choose he will find opportunities on every side. If he chooses to be a philosopher, he has ample opportunity to come in touch with the best thought of the ages and to work out and prove principles that will be of value to his fellowmen. If he chooses to be a professional man, he will find there is greater demand for his services than ever before.

In the legal profession there are opportunities for him to serve more clients for greater compensation because the complex condition of society today demands the services of the best skilled lawyers. In the medical profession there is also large field for labor, for the world is in need of men who are able not only to cure disease but to convince communities of the importance of prevention of it. And who are more competent of devising ways and means by which the sanitary conditions of our homes and large cities may be so perfected that disease may be practically obliterated?

There are also opportunities offered in the industrial world for either the electrical or mining engineer because large syndicates and corporations are eager to obtain the services of competent men of these professions. Nor should we neglect the opportunities offered in the business world, because as the population of our land has increased there has been an increase both in the demand and supply of products. In order that there may be systematic business relations in the world, we need the business man who is capable of managing and promoting industries that will develop every resource in the land.

With all these fields for labor, the question for every young man or woman is "What are my opportunities?" In the first place, if he has health and fair ability, there is open to him at the beginning of life the training he may receive by taking advantage of a free school course which will enable him to battle with life successfully. He then has the freedom to enter into any profession for which he can prepare himself.

This is verified by the fact that thousands of young men and women have worked their way through college and gained eminence in their professions.

There is also equal opportunity for a young man to start low in business and by dint of hard labor, coupled with sound judgment, to raise himself to an important position in the business world. So it is possible for us to have opportunities and to use them to the best of our ability, that we in turn may gain from our fellowmen.

Classmates, let us take advantage of all our opportunities as well as we have taken advantage of the opportunity given us by this community. Let us ever be grateful to the authorities who have aided us in our work, and let us ever remember with gratitude and praise the teachers whose instruction shall always linger in our minds.

Our parting is at hand, each to choose his course in life, but may the ties of friendship formed never be broken and may we always remember our school days as the halcyon days of our lives. The time has come when we must say adieu, as Milton says:

"Tomorrow to fresh woods, and pastures new."

After the presentation of the diplomas by Principal Tanger with well-chosen remarks, a farewell song closed the exercises.

Penn Mutual Representative Here

D. R. Stiles, the Somerset and Bedford County representative of the Penn Mutual Life Insurance Company, has been in town for a few days. Mr. Stiles came on to settle a claim of Jacob Bowser, who died recently. This company has many large policies in this county, and it is rumored that they will devote more time to this location in the future.

Situation in Lewistown

It is being reported throughout this and adjoining counties that Lewistown is unable to take care of the travelers since they have been refused licenses.

In talking this subject over with a prominent salesman, who has been on the road for 15 years, he reports the above facts as untrue and that he has received even better accommodations since no license than he did before. He also notes an absence of the bar room loafers and he notes a great improvement in every respect throughout the town.

Hopewell, May 5, 1909.

Mrs. Catherine Snyder

Mrs. Catherine Snyder, widow of J. L. Snyder, died Tuesday morning, May 4, at the home of her son, C. F. Snyder of Baker's Summit, aged 66 years, seven months and 23 days. Her death was due to apoplexy.

She is survived by the following children: Allison of Brumbaugh, this county; C. F. of Baker's Summit, H. E., Milton, Lyman, Mrs. Amanda Kirkwood and Mrs. Nora Eisenhuth, all of Johnstown. Interment was made yesterday afternoon at Johnstown.

LETTER TO JAMES CORBOY

Bedford, Pa.

Dear Sir: New Orleans is one of the cities hard on paint; but, nevertheless, they paint lead-and-oil a good deal there.

C Callier painted two houses last year for F. Hinderer: one lead-and-oil and the other Devoe. The first is already in bad condition; Devoe is perfect.

M Augustin, New Orleans, has painted his house Devoe three times in eighteen years. This shows that Devoe is good for six years there.

In Florida, where lead-and-oil wears only a year, we have no complaint of Devoe and we know of its wearing ten years in several instances. We don't say it wears ten years, you know; there are such instances.

"No complaint" is enough to say till we have long-time experiences; they're coming. Meantime, Devoe is the paint that takes least gallons, makes least bill, and wears longest. So much we're sure of.

Yours truly,

F. W. DEVOE & CO.
P. S. Metzger Hardware and House Furnishing Co. sells our paint.

After Knox's Scalp

Washington, D. C., May 5.—Word comes from Columbia, O., that attorneys there have forwarded papers to Washington to start proceedings in the U. S. Supreme Court to oust Secretary of State Knox. Proceedings will be brought on the ground that under the constitution Knox was ineligible at the time of his appointment because he was a Senator when the salary of the Secretary of State was raised. The administration has long expected such a move. The names of those behind the plan are withheld.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, price 75¢.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

St. John's Reformed Church

Sunday, May 9, at 11 a. m. "Mother's Day" will be observed. Pastor's sermon will be based upon that name so dear to every heart. Come and bring your friends. Evening worship at 7:30.

J. Albert Eyler, Pastor.



"DOLLAR BILL" Says:

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

OF THE

First National Bank,

at Bedford, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, April 28, 1909.

RESOURCES

Loans and discounts	\$481,157.75
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured	1,681.71
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	100,000.00
Bonds, Securities, etc.	45,874.85
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures	21,200.00
Due from State and Private Banks and Bankers, Trust Companies, and Savings Banks	6,590.67
Due from approved reserve agents	53,223.34
Checks and other cash items	4,344.63
Fractional paper currency, nickels, and cents	482.19
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz:	
Specie	\$36,246.35
Legal Tender notes	20,000.00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer, (5 per cent of circulation)	56,246.35
Total	\$775,801.49

LIABILITIES

Capital stock paid in	\$100,000.00
Surplus fund	30,000.00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	45,754.99
National Bank notes outstanding	100,000.00
Due to other National Banks	4,037.19
Individual deposits subject to check	142,956.97
Time certificates of deposit	342,764.05
Cashier's checks outstanding	10,288.29

Total \$775,801.49

State of Pennsylvania, County of Bedford, SS:

I, Edmund S. Doty, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

EDMUND S. DOTY, Cashier. Subscribed and sworn to before me this 3d day of May, 1909.

JOHN N. MINNICH,

Notary Public.

CORRECT—Attest:

EDMUND L. SMITH,
JOHN P. CUPPETT,
J. H. LONGENECKER,
Directors.

Dunning's Creek Reformed Charge Pleasant Hill—Sunday School 9 a. m.; regular service 10. St. Paul's—Sunday School 9:30 a. m. St. Luke's—Sunday School 9 a. m.

E. A. G. Hermann, Pastor.

St. Clairsville Reformed Charge St. Clairsville: Sunday School 9; preaching 10 a. m. Imler: Sunday School 1; preaching 2:15 p. m. Congregational meeting after services in both congregations.

J. W. Zehring, Pastor.

Church of God

There will be preaching at Coal-
dale this evening at 7:30, subject
"Baptism." Missionary services Saturday at 7:30 p. m.; baptism services at 2 p. m.

Preaching Sunday at 10:30; ordinance meeting 7:30 p. m. Preaching at Round Knob at 2:30.

Six persons were baptized in the Raystown Branch last Saturday afternoon. Another baptism service will be held soon. A large ordinance meeting was held Sunday evening.

F. W. McGuire, Pastor.

Advertised Letters

The following letters have been held thirty days in the Bedford, Pa., postoffice, and if not called for within two weeks from this date will be sent to the Dead Letter Office at Washington. When asking for these letters please say, "Advertised."

A. J. Basinger, Mr. Gollinger, Jacob Dean, 3, H. I. Diehl, W. S. Blackburn, Mrs. J. Thomas Galbreath, William H. Bender, postal.

John Lutz, Postmaster. Bedford, Pa., May 7, 1909.

New System of Highway Maintenance.

Patrick E. Leahy, commissioner of highways, borough of Queens, has organized a new system of inspection and repair of highways, says a Long Island City (N. Y.) dispatch. The borough has been divided into a number of districts as follows: Long Island City, 8; Newtown, 16; Flushing, 12; Jamaica, 12; Rockaway, 5. Each of these districts is to be in charge of an assistant foreman, who will be held strictly responsible for the condition of his district. The names of each assistant foreman and his men will be furnished to the property owners and residents of the district, and the latter will be encouraged to co-operate with the new commissioner. Reports will be received from the foremen every night as to the work that has been done during the day and the man each man began work and when he stopped. The department has six men to spend on maintenance of the 81 miles of highways, which have cost from \$12,000,000 to \$15,000,000 and are in bad shape.

Liquid Asphalt Makes Good Road.

The road committee of the board of chosen freeholders of Mercer County, N. J., has inspected the Hopewell and Stoutsburg road, which was recently macadamized and treated with liquid asphalt. The road was found to be in good condition and at present can scarcely be distinguished from an asphalt pavement. The liquid asphalt was incorporated in the road during its construction, being sprayed upon the binder, and the finer stone, or top dressing, being rolled into the mixture afterward. The extra cost was 8 cents a square yard. The stretch of highway treated measures two miles.

In one respect he has not been

courageous. He has never told the boy of his sin.

A BRAVE SINNER.

(Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.)

Raymond Nolan was eighteen when he entered the service of a small bank. He was a bright fellow, not only ready to do his own work, but that of any one else. He had been taught the value of money and that the surest way to start a fortune was by saving. Consequently each week when he drew his salary he put aside a certain amount for this purpose.

Raymond was a great favorite with Mr. Porter, owner of the bank. Seeing that the youngster was in every way fitted for promotion, he promoted him as rapidly as vacancies occurred. At each raise of salary Raymond increased the proportionate amount that he put aside for his "nest egg." When that nest egg reached \$500 he looked about for some method of investment. He bought a bond paying 4 per cent interest. From this time his capital increased a little more rapidly. His attention being called to certain shares that were paying double the interest he received on his bond, he changed his investment. The shares not only paid him the interest, but rose in value. He sold them and had \$1,000 of his own.

As year after year passed Nolan found himself nearer to the amount he had fixed upon for legitimate investment. Sometimes he would sink away from it under a depression of securities, but usually upon a reaction he would find himself further ahead than before. At one of these depressions he concluded to increase his investment, accepting a loan from his broker for the purpose—in other words, buy on a margin. Stocks were considered very cheap and bound to have a good rise. As Nolan had his affairs arranged a rise of five points would give him his \$10,000.

But, contrary to expectations, stocks continued to depreciate, sinking instead of rising five points. Then they rested awhile, and another period of liquidation carried them down ten points further. On down they went till Nolan found that he had lost his capital. His brokers called on him for "margin" and told him that if he did not hand it in at once they would sell him out. Stocks were very low, and when the market turned they would likely boom.

This was a turning point in Nolan's career. He borrowed \$1,000 from the bank without reporting the loan. Stocks went down, and he borrowed more money.

One morning ten years after Nolan had entered Mr. Porter's service he went into that gentleman's private office and said to him:

"Mr. Porter, some time ago at a sudden collapse of the stock market I lost my savings of years. I believed that there would soon be a rise that would restore all I had lost and give me much more. I borrowed money from the bank to use for margin. Stocks have been still going down, and I have lost \$25,000 of your money."

The president told him that the shortage had been discovered; that the bank had made other losses which they might have weathered without this one. As it was, a failure was unavoidable.

"Mr. Porter," said the young man, "call a policeman and turn me in for conviction. There will be no trial. I shall plead guilty."

"No," replied the president. "I shall not prosecute you."

"Then I will surrender myself."

The president endeavored to persuade the young man to go out into the world unsupervised and begin again.

But, no. He had sinned beyond his own forgiveness, and his life had lost its charm. Thereafter he would live under the blight in any form fate assigned him. He left the president, gave himself up to the police under his own confession and within a week was in state prison beginning a term of ten years.

Nolan, receiving the shortened time for good behavior, was discharged in about seven years. The banker had failed and had died, leaving a child, a boy, without mother or support of any kind. As soon as the prisoner regained his liberty he sought out this child, whom he found selling papers. Nolan went to a merchant whom he had known before his embezzlement and asked for a position. The only job the merchant would give him was that of porter. He accepted it, took the boy to live with him, sent him to school and otherwise provided for his maintenance.

One habit acquired by Nolan has remained a fixture. He saves money—saves it not for himself, for he is living a life without either a present or a future. He is saving it for the boy whose father he wronged. He has given that boy a child's savings bank, and the boy, too, is saving. And there is a lesson in finance the young capitalist receives at intervals impressively. Is it not to speculate? No. It is the one great lesson that every boy should learn—never use a cent of a trust fund.

Nolan is no longer a porter. He is in a business of his own. He manages it himself, but through others. He takes the risks usual to any man who handles money, but he pays cash and will not permit other people's money to remain in his possession overnight—not that he fears temptation, but the sensation would be disagreeable to him. He is ready to turn over to his self imposed ward all he took from that ward's father as soon as the boy is equipped to receive it.

In one respect he has not been courageous. He has never told the boy of his sin.

HARRIET S. GEDDES.

AT PATE'S

10 Per Cent. Off
From May 1st to 8th,
Inclusive.

This is your opportunity for a nice saving in any of my well selected line of Furniture and Floor coverings. Read carefully the following, and remember four things:

1st—That our prices are remarkably low to start with and we have not advanced the price of a single item a single penny (which is often done).

2nd—That all goods sold at this sale must go out as soon as possible, as we need the room.

3rd—That cash buying and cash selling only makes this reduction possible.

4th—That at this reduction I can not afford to lay Carpets, Mattings, Linoleums, etc., free of charge.

NOTE—I would thank you to mention this ad.

Fred C. Pate,
I. O. O. F. Building.
BEDFORD, PA.

Woodbury

May 4—I. H. Keagy of Altoona spent Sunday and Monday at his home here.

Isaac Dilling purchased a fine driving horse and buggy in Altoona last week.

The Farmers' Creamery Company of this place manufactured the first ice cream for this season on Saturday. The ice plant was put in operation last week.

A new ice cream parlor was opened Saturday evening at the lower end of town.

Mrs. Annie Keagy and Mrs. Austin Shoemaker will represent the Church of God Sunday School as delegates at the convention at Martinsburg on Wednesday.

Lawrence Repligle spent Saturday and Sunday in Altoona.

Mr. and Mrs. G. Z. Repligle held a party Friday evening in honor of their son Lawrence's 21st birthday. A most excellent time was reported. Fifty-five were present.

Joseph Frederick spent Friday in Roaring Spring on business.

William Brown of Martinsburg had an accident about three miles west of town while returning home from love feast at New Enterprise Sunday evening. The leather where the holding back strap is fastened to the shafts came loose, which resulted in the horse becoming unmanageable. It was finally stopped by being run into the fence. One of the occupants was thrown out but not seriously hurt.

Springhope

May 5—On last Thursday while trimming apple trees for Samuel Miller, Elmer Mauk had the misfortune to fall from a tree, a distance of about eight feet, and broke both bones of his right arm near the wrist. Dr. Kirk of Fishertown was called and set the broken bones and he is getting along as well as can be expected.

Harry Colvin of Schellsburg brought a load of flour and feed to L. H. Hull's last Thursday and when he got here one of his horses became afflicted with kidney trouble. He got it into Harry Hoover's barn where it has been ever since; it is some better at this time.

T. B. Nunamaker and wife visited at D. F. Deane's on Sunday.

D. H. Deane had lightning rods put on his house last week and on Tuesday Valentine Leppert had his house and barn rodded; both were done by a firm from Indiana.

Joseph Mauk of Ryot and Abner Mauk and wife, of near Cessna, visited their brother Elmer of this place on Sunday last.

Mrs. Mary Winegardner has opened up a millinery store at this place.

George Leppert and wife spent Saturday night and Sunday with the latter's parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Davis, near Alum Bank.

George Wolfe, whose illness we have mentioned before, is not improving very rapidly. Pilgrim.

Imbertown

May 4—Andy Diehl, wife and daughters, of Friend's Cove, visited the former's mother, Mrs. Elizabeth Diehl, last Thursday.

John Hammer of Pleasantville was a visitor at Frank Nicodemus' Friday.

Arthur Russell caught a nice lot of fish last Friday.

Adam Koontz did some carpenter work the past week for Mrs. Carrie Reichard, near Bedford.

Miss Nellie S. Kerr of Juniata College, Huntingdon, spent Sunday with her grandparents, Dr. and Mrs. G. W. Dibert.

Mrs. Abram Sparks and son Ellis, of Everett, are visiting at Job Imler's.

Dr. Dibert sold a tract of timber last Saturday to Simon Shaffer of Bedford.

Frank H. Imler moved to the Ellis farm on Tuesday.

John Harderode and brother Harper, of near Bedford Springs, were in this place Sunday.

The roads in our village are being greatly improved.

Miss Lena Mock is visiting her uncle, Luther Mock, at Cessna.

Grant Dibert and family spent Sunday with Rev. E. A. G. Hermann at Cessna.

Clutz and Longenecker have eighteen hands employed peeling bark. Job Imler was the first farmer to plant corn in our neighborhood.

New Paris

May 5—The morning of May 2 the Allegheny Mountain west of our village was covered with snow.

Owing to the frequent rains many of the farmers do not have their oats sown.

"Mother" Ridenour, who spent the winter with friends in Johnstown, returned home last week.

Mrs. J. B. Beckley and Mrs. G. M. McMillen paid a visit to friends at Everett and Saxon long since.

Mrs. Clark Grazier of Johnstown was a guest in our village a few days last week.

J. K. Ridenour and wife, of Johnstown, have moved back to our town and Mr. Ridenour will take charge of the tea wagon run by his brother Harry. The latter is huckstering.

Early Tuesday morning John Gephart died at his home west of town. A fuller account will be given next week.

Caj.

Good Positions Offered Energetic Men

Be independent. Here's a chance to get in business for yourself—a chance worth while. You can more than double your income in a short time. No limit—it's up to you. Prospects for live, energetic men to make big money were never better in the business of Life Insurance. To active men of good character, a very unusual opportunity is offered by a leading insurance company. This offer will be made to a limited number only. There's good money to be made, and those who prove their ability will be well taken care of. A letter or postal card, giving name and address, will get you full particulars. Do it now—write today. Address Box 195, Reading, Pa.

Call and see our samples of stationery, bill heads, shipping tags, labels, calling cards, and anything you may need. We can please you.

Sulphur Springs Reformed Charge

SEEN IN THE SHOPS.

FARM DRIVEWAYS.

Michigan Farmer Tells How to Make Them With Gravel and Cinders.

Very serviceable warm weather gowns are made entirely of crinkled cotton crepe. These are especially convenient dresses owing to the fact that they require no ironing. The cheaper domestic crepe is used for the frocks, while the imported French material is best for blouses.

One of the best new sleeves to put into severe shirt waists is plain leg of mutton, with very little fullness at the top and none below. Although there is a plain shirt waist cuff, the sleeve is put into it without gathers,



A SMART NEW KIMONO.

which is snappy and corresponds with the long simple lines of the accepted models in shirt waists and gowns. Kimonos of this character are particularly attractive for the reason that they may be quickly and easily made. The neck and sleeves may be finished with edging or ruffles of the material. The yoke effect is particularly becoming, and the V neck finishing is comfortable and cool for summer. The regulation kimono sleeves had a most unfortunate habit of catching in everything with which they came in contact. In the model illustrated this difficulty is overcome, for the sleeves, although not tight, are modestly small and gathered into a band.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

A pattern of this kimono may be had in seven sizes—32 to 44 inches bust measure. Send 10 cents to this office, giving number (458), and it will be promptly forwarded to you by mail.

CHIC STYLES.

Poke Shaped Bonnets Bewitching on the Right Girl. Bonnets of the old fashioned poke shape are in vogue and when worn by the right girl are bewitching. They have wide strings that tie under the chin, and the whole face is hidden in these immense bonnets of straw or lace, as the case may be.

Long sleeves are worn on all tailored



ROBE DRESS OF FOULARD.

Waists, but the fluffy afternoon summer dresses will have short sleeves.

Dog collars in high class designs borrowed from old pieces are to be had in a variety of styles. Many of them are in round, square or oval flat links finely cut.

Washable button molds in all sizes are made of bone. They cost from 5 cents to 15 cents a dozen. Metal molds are apt to discolor the cover when they are washed, and the wooden ones are seldom satisfactory after this experience.

The frock pictured is adapted wonderfully well for the new bordered materials. The bodice is arranged to show the design to advantage.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

A pattern of this robe dress may be had in six sizes—from 32 to 42 inches bust measure. Send 10 cents to this office, giving number (458), and it will be promptly forwarded to you by mail.

Try a Gazette "want ad."

Warm Weather Gowns of Crinkled Crepe—Modish Shirt Waist Sleeve.

While we are busily talking about good roads we must not forget the most needed one is that which runs from the gate to the barns and over which we travel many miles during the year. At the time I moved to Mapleside farm a few years ago the mud was hub deep for the horses and no better for the men on the footpaths, says D. C. Dean, Michigan farmer. We moved to Mapleside farm in April, and the women folks did not get to the barns until after the middle of May. As soon as the crops were in those roads received my undivided attention until they were in a serviceable condition.

I did not draw in more dirt to soak up, but began at the bottom by plowing out and removing over a foot of the soil. I then opened a gravel bank and drew in enough to fill that taken out. Next I made arrangements for some cinders and put them over the gravel about a foot thick. This answered very well that season, but in the fall before the mud began to deepen I covered the road again, and during the winter all the coal ashes were spread wherever there seemed to be a low spot. By following this scheme for four years I succeeded in making a road that never has any mud. If I find a low spot where water stands after a rain it is taken care of at once.

On the south side of the house three years ago I built a road that has not required any repairing as yet beyond drawing three loads of gravel last spring. For this road I pursued a little different method. It was old sod, so I plowed through it and turned the sod upside down three deep on either side of the road, then drew out all the dirt beneath that was loose and easy to handle.

This left me a trench about eighteen inches or two feet to fill, which I did from my gravel bank, and no cinders were put on this road, as I could not get them. This roadway is about nine inches above the lawn on either side and never gets muddy. About the house are cement platforms and walks, while the roadway on either side is so hard it can be swept at any time. I find it pays when you are at it to make a good road and takes no longer. I find a gravel bank about the best bank I can patronize when it comes to roadmaking.

ROLLING GOOD FOR ROADS.

Auto Found Serviceable in Making Street Passable After Snows.

The man who brings together the best productions in different lines and obtains results which better his own production may not be an inventor in the true sense of the word, but he certainly possesses good common sense.

In Vermont and other New England states a road roller is used in the winter to pack down the snow and make the roads passable. By doing this after each snowstorm a really fine winter road results. The method used in upper New York is to draw two large iron kettles, such as are used for the making of soft soap, behind a team of horses or oxen. This is not very perfect, as it leaves a core in the road and simply pushes the snow to the side of the road instead of packing it down.

After a recent snowstorm in Reading, Pa., in which the roads were left in bad condition, H. L. Hardy, the designer at a factory, conceived the idea of rolling the roads. He attached an ordinary land roller to the front of a sextuplet and started from the factory to the home of Mr. Sternbergh. Naturally he did not try to break any speed records, but the trip, about six miles, was made in one hour.

One of the road commissioners of Berks county accompanied him and was much surprised to see what an improvement this roller process was over the kettle drag. Mr. Hardy says he will not patent or copyright this idea, so any one who desires to roll snow roads by automobile is free to try it.

CASTORIA.
Bears the
Signature
of
Chas. H. Fletcher

GRINDO
Laxative Fruit Syrup
Pleasant to take

The new laxative. Does not gripe or nauseate. Cures stomach and liver troubles and chronic constipation by restoring the natural action of the stomach, liver and bowels.

Refuse substitutes. Price 50c.
Ed. D. Heckerman Druggist, Bedford.

Salt for Sheep

Experiments recently made for the purpose of ascertaining the nutritive value of salt for sheep, show that those which had been fed salt, gained in weight four and one-half pounds more than those which received no salt. Moreover, the sheep which received salt produced one and one-third pounds more wool and of a better quality than those which received no salt.

A pattern of this robe dress may be had in six sizes—from 32 to 42 inches bust measure. Send 10 cents to this office, giving number (458), and it will be promptly forwarded to you by mail.

Try a Gazette "want ad."

BOROUGH ORDINANCES

AN ORDINANCE TO PREVENT THE ERECTION OF WOODEN BUILDINGS, ETC.

Be it ordained and enacted by the Chief Burgess and the Town Council of the Borough of Bedford, Pennsylvania, and it is hereby ordained and enacted by authority of the same.

Sec. 1. The erection of wooden or frame buildings of any kind whatsoever, is hereby prohibited within the limits of the Borough, unless permission to do so is first obtained of the Council.

Sec. 2. Any party or parties violating this ordinance will be subject to a penalty of not less than twenty-five nor more than one hundred dollars, with the addition of being compelled to immediately tear down and remove any such prohibited erection or building.

Sec. 3. All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Attest: A. BARNHART,
Thos. Armstrong, Sec. Burgess.
Passed April 4th, 1887, by a unanimous vote of the Council, and duly published according to law.

AN ORDINANCE TO CONSOLIDATE, REVISE AND AMEND THE VARIOUS ORDINANCES RELATING TO PAVING, GUTTERING, ETC., ETC.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

Sec. 1. That all ordinances or parts of ordinances heretofore in vogue in the Borough, relative to paving, guttering, etc., be consolidated, revised and amended as follows:

Sec. 2. All pavements within the limits of the Borough shall be laid of a width not less than five feet, curbed with brick or stone, on edge at each side, and with good solid paving bricks, or other suitable material for paving, imbedded in sharp sand, the crevices in the pavements to be filled with the same material, and guttered with a gutter not less than three feet in width, cobbled with stone or brick, and all to be subject to the inspection and approval of the Street Commissioner of said Borough.

Sec. 3. That the Street Committee as aforesaid shall have full power and authority, whenever and wherever deemed necessary and required within the Borough limits, to give ten days' notice to the owner or owners of premises to pave and gutter in accordance with the above provisions and upon the failure or refusal of the said owner or owners thereof sototo, the same shall be done by the Borough authorities at the cost of the aforesaid owner or owners, with twenty per centum added thereto.

Sec. 4. All pavements and gutters heretofore laid or made, either by the Borough authorities or the owners of the properties thereof, are hereby ratified, confirmed and validated, the same as if they had been duly subject to the provisions of the aforesaid ordinance, and had been made or laid in accordance therewith.

Attest: A. BARNHART,
Thos. Armstrong, Sec. Burgess.
Passed and adopted unanimously at regular monthly meeting of Council February 6th, 1888.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO ITINERANT VENDORS OF MERCHANDISE, ETC.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

Sec. 1. No itinerant vendor or vendors of merchandise of any cost, kind or quality, whatsoever, shall publicly expose the same for sale within the limits of the Borough, without first obtaining a license therefor.

Sec. 2. Said license may be granted by the Burgess or in his absence by the chairman of the Finance Committee, after a consideration of the proper character of the merchandise thus offered or exposed for sale, upon the payment of a license fee of \$10 for a period of time not exceeding one week, and \$3 per day for each day of continuance thereafter to the treasurer of the said Borough, the receipt of the said treasurer being exhibited thereto and filed with the Borough records.

Sec. 3. Any violation of the above provision will subject the offending person or persons to a fine of not less than \$10, nor more than \$50, or in default of payment thereof, to be committed to the Borough lockup not exceeding 48 hours.

Sec. 4. All ordinances or parts of ordinances conflicting herewith, are hereby repealed.

Attest: A. BARNHART,
Thos. Armstrong, Sec. Burgess.
Passed and adopted at the regular session of the Council, by a unanimous vote, February 6th, 1888.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO THE FIRING OF GUNS, PISTOLS, FIRECRACKERS AND SQUIBS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE BOROUGH.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

Sec. 1. That the firing off of all guns, pistols, firecrackers, squibs or explosives of any and all kinds whatsoever is hereby prohibited within the limits of the Borough.

Sec. 2. Any person or persons violating this ordinance shall be subject to a penalty of not less than \$1 nor more than \$5 for each offense and in default of payment thereof, shall be committed to the Borough lockup not exceeding 48 hours.

Sec. 3. All ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Attest: A. BARNHART,
Thos. Armstrong, Sec. Burgess.
Passed and adopted by a unanimous vote, at the regular meeting of the Council, February 6th, 1888.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO DEPOSITING DEAD ANIMALS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE BOROUGH.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

Sec. 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to deposit or leave anywhere within the limits

of the said Borough, the carcass of any dead animal whatsoever.

Sec. 2. Any violation of this ordinance will subject the offender to a fine of not less than \$3, nor more than \$15, and in default of payment thereof, commitment to the Borough lockup not exceeding 48 hours.

Attest: A. BARNHART,
Thos. Armstrong, Sec. Burgess.

Passed and adopted by a unanimous vote, at the regular meeting of the Council, February 6th, 1888.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO COASTING AND SKATING ON THE STREETS AND SIDEWALKS OF THE BOROUGH.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, it shall be the duty of any person or persons, owning or occupying any property or vacant lot within the said Borough, to keep the sidewalks or pavements running therewith, clean and free from snow, slush or other obstructions, and the gutters open for the free and unobstructed passage of water or slush.

It is hereby required and made the duty of such owners or occupants of properties and vacant lots to clean any fall of snow off the said pavements or sidewalks within a period not exceeding four hours after the snow has ceased falling, unless after night, and then within four hours after daylight following.

Upon any violation of this ordinance, it shall be the duty of any policeman of said Borough to have the snow or slush or other obstructions cleaned off of the said pavements or sidewalks and the gutters cleaned and opened at the expense of the owners or occupants of the premises, and the said expense with an additional twenty per centum added thereto, shall be recovered from the said owner or occupant of the premises before the Chief Burgess or any Justice of the Peace as debts and penalties of like nature are by law recoverable.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted this 6th day of March, A. D., 1905.

Attest: A. BARNHART,
D. C. Reiley, Sec. President.

Approved June 17, 1901.

WALTER F. ENFIELD,
Chief Burgess.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO USING FIREPLUGS.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, all persons except the proper authorities are prohibited from opening any of the fire plugs within the limits of the said Borough or using the water therefrom, under a penalty of five dollars for each and every offense, and in default of the payment of the said fine, to be committed to the Borough lockup for a period not exceeding 48 hours.

Ordained and enacted this 6th day of June, A. D., 1901.

Attest: MOSES A. POINTS,
D. C. Reiley, Sec. President.

Approved June 17, 1901.

WALTER F. ENFIELD,
Chief Burgess.

AN ORDINANCE TO PREVENT STREET AND CORNER LOAFING.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

That all assemblies of persons on the pavements, cross walks or street corners in the Borough of Bedford, whereby the persons passing or repassing may be obstructed, or where by the good order or peace of the citizens may be disturbed, are hereby declared to be unlawful, and every person so offending shall upon summary conviction thereof, be fined by the Chief Burgess, not less than one dollar nor more than five dollars, and be committed to the Borough lockup for a period not exceeding 48 hours.

Ordained and enacted this 6th day of June, A. D., 1901.

Attest: MOSES A. POINTS,
D. C. Reiley, Sec. President.

Approved June 17, 1901.

WALTER F. ENFIELD,
Chief Burgess.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO DRUNKENNESS, VAGRANCY, RIOTOUS AND DISORDERLY CONDUCT AND OTHER UNLAWFUL ACTS.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

That from and after the passage of this ordinance it shall be the duty of any policeman or constable of this Borough, with warrant or without warrant upon view, to arrest and commit for hearing any and all persons guilty of a breach of the peace, vagrancy, riotous or disorderly conduct or drunkenness, or who may be engaged in the commission of any unlawful act tending to imperil the personal security or endanger the property of the citizens or others.

Upon hearing before the Chief Burgess or a Justice of the Peace, any person convicted of committing any of the offences heretofore enumerated or of any violation of this ordinance shall pay a fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and in default of the payment of such fine shall be sentenced and committed to the Borough lockup for a period not exceeding thirty days.

All ordinances or parts of ordinances inconsistent herewith be and the same are hereby repealed.

Ordained and enacted this 6th day of March, A. D., 1905.

Attest: A. BARNHART,
D. C. Reiley, Sec. President.

Approved the 6th day of March, A. D., 1905.

JO. W. TATE,
Chief Burgess.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO TAPPING THE BOROUGH WATER PIPES.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

That a fine of ten dollars be imposed, collected and recovered from any person or persons, who by themselves or their employees, cut or tap the Borough water pipes or mains for any purpose, without first presenting a petition to Council, or to the Water Committee, stating the purpose of the tap or taps desired, the size of each, etc., and obtaining permission to make said cuts or taps. Said fines to be collected for each cut or tap made contrary to these provisions as other fines are recovered. And any person turning the Borough valves, without first obtaining permission of the Burgess, or the Water Committee, shall be fined five dollars, to be collected as other fines are collected.

Ordained and enacted this 6th day of June, A. D., 1901.

Attest: MOSES A. POINTS,
D. C. Reiley, Sec. President.

Approved June 17, 1901.

WALTER F. ENFIELD,
Chief Burgess.

AN ORDINANCE REQUIRING SHOWS, ETC., TO BE LICENSED.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

That any person or persons who shall publicly exhibit or expose for money within the Borough of Bedford any show or shows, or any curiosity of nature or art, or hold any theatrical exhibition, concert, circus or other exhibition, without first obtaining a license for that purpose under the hand of the Chief Burgess, shall forfeit and pay the sum of twenty dollars for each and every offense, and that no such license shall be granted, until the person or persons so exhibiting shall have first paid to the Treasurer of said Borough a sum to be fixed by the Chief Burgess, not exceeding ten dollars, nor less than one dollar for every such license, and exhibit a receipt for the same to the Chief Burgess.

Ordained and enacted this 6th day of June, A. D., 1901.

Attest: MOSES A. POINTS,
D. C. Reiley, Sec. President.

Approved June 17, 1901.

WALTER F. ENFIELD,
Chief Burgess.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO THE FIRING OF GUNS, PISTOLS, FIRECRACKERS AND SQUIBS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE BOROUGH.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

Sec. 1. That the firing off of all guns, pistols, firecrackers, squibs or explosives of any and all kinds whatsoever is hereby prohibited within the limits of the Borough.

Sec. 2. Any person or persons violating this ordinance shall be subject to a penalty of not less than \$1 nor more than \$5 for each offense and in default of payment thereof, shall be committed to the Borough lockup not exceeding 48 hours.

Sec. 3. All ordinances inconsistent herewith are hereby repealed.

Attest: A. BARNHART,

Thos. Armstrong, Sec. Burgess.

Passed and adopted by a unanimous vote, at the regular meeting of the Council, February 6th, 1888.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO DEPOSITING DEAD ANIMALS WITHIN THE LIMITS OF THE BOROUGH.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

Sec. 1. That it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to deposit or leave anywhere within the limits

of the said Borough, the carcass of any dead animal whatsoever.

Sec. 2. Any violation of this ordinance will subject the offender to a fine of not less than \$3, nor more than \$15, and in default of payment thereof, commitment to the Borough lockup not exceeding 48 hours.

Attest: A. BARNHART,

Thos. Armstrong, Sec. Burgess.

Passed and adopted by a unanimous vote, at the regular meeting of the Council, February 6th, 1888.

AN ORDINANCE RELATING TO COASTING AND SKATING ON THE STREETS AND SIDEWALKS.

Be it enacted by the Burgess and Council of the Borough of Bedford, etc.

That from and after the passage of this ordinance, it shall be the duty of any person or persons, owning or occupying any property or vacant lot within the said Borough, to keep the sidewalks or pavements running therewith, clean and free from snow, slush or other obstructions, and the gutters open for the free and unobstructed passage of water or slush.

It is hereby required and made the duty of such owners or occupants of properties and vacant lots to clean any fall of snow off the said pavements or sidewalks within a period not exceeding four hours.

For further particulars address William F. Hart, General Agent

RELIANCE LIFE INSURANCE CO.

BEDFORD, PA.

Insurance That Insures

The Double Benefit Policy provides for an immediate payment at death and an annuity as well. The beneficiary, under a ten thousand dollar contract, would receive at the death of the insured \$2,000 immediately and \$400 per annum for twenty years—\$10,000 in all. This is double protection. There is a sum immediately available at death and as a protection against bad investments an income for twenty years, costing at age 35 ONLY \$130.16 per year.

For further particulars address William F. Hart, General Agent

RELIANCE LIFE INSURANCE CO.

BEDFORD, PA.

The Cough Syrup that rids the system of a cold by acting as a cathartic on the bowels is

BEES LAXATIVE COUGH SYRUP

Bees is the original laxative cough syrup, contains no opiates, gently moves the bowels, carrying the cold off through the natural channels. Guaranteed to give satisfaction or money refunded.

ED. D. HECKERMAN, Druggist.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE

[Estate of J. L. Replogle, late of Woodbury Township, deceased.]

The undersigned, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, Pa., auditor, to ascertain the heirs of J. L. Replogle, late of Woodbury Township, said county, deceased, and the heirs of Calvin Replogle, late of the city of Altoona, Pa., a deceased son of said decedent; to ascertain the moneys paid by S. D. Replogle, administrator of said J. L. Replogle, deceased, to said heirs; and to distribute the balance in the hands of said administrator to and amongst those entitled to the same, will sit for the purposes of his appointment at the Court House in Bedford, Pa., on Monday, May 24, 1909, at 11 o'clock a. m., when and where all persons shall be required to be present or present their claims, or be forever debarred from coming in for a share of said funds.</



Ah, but These are Dandies!

OUR NEW SWELL SUITS
FOR SPRING!

Strong in construction, beautiful in finish and cheap in price. All that you could desire of our stock is complete in these lines, and it will be to your advantage to look them through before buying elsewhere. Also the greatest and largest line of Shoes of all kinds, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Shirts, &c.

Simon Oppenheimer,

*The Leading and Largest Clothier,
BEDFORD, PA.*

Wanted, For Sale, Rent, Etc.

Bedford Summer Normal will open May 10. Teaching is our business.

For Sale now—Fine Berkshire pigs, graded. J. S. Nawgel. Apr. 23-3t

For Sale—Good, second-hand baby carriage; 308 E. Penn St., Bedford.

Furnished house for 6 months or furnished rooms by the month or week. J. CONSTANCE TATE.

For Sale—Several runabout buggies, rubber tire, in good condition. Stiver's Stables. May 7-tf.

Wanted—Diningroom girls and chambermaids; good wages to good girls. Address Box 320, Bedford.

For Sale—Four H. P. gasoline engine, good as new. Apply to Shaffer and Van Ormer, Schellsburg.

Wanted—Girls for general house work. Apply to G. W. Dauler, Bedford.

For Sale—Town lots and other property; apply to Mrs. A. D. Shuck, 209 W. Pitt St., Bedford.

For Sale—Single and Double Comb Rhode Island Red Eggs, 50c per setting. Milton Sammel, Bedford, Pa.

For Sale—Two Duroc Jersey Red boar-pigs, 8 weeks old; thoroughbreds. Address C. E. Koontz, Everett, R. F. D. No. 2. Apr. 30 3-t.

STOVE WOOD AND LOCUST POSTS
Cut to order and delivered promptly; leave orders at Wolff's Cigar Store. Posts any length. Chas. T. Gilchrist.

For Sale—Lots of Barclay plot along Sunnyside State Road; also small meadow along creek. Apply to Joseph J. Barclay, Bedford, Pa. tf

For Sale—Tate Building, Juliana Street and Public Square dwelling, offices and storerooms; for further information address Jo. W. Tate, Bedford.

IRON FENCE AND TERRA COTTA PIPE

Order your Iron Fence and Terra Cotta pipe from J. B. Williams Co., Low price Marble and Granite Dealers, No. 99 N. Centre Street, Cumberland, Md. April 23-4t.

Metzger Hardware and House-Furnishing Co.

Sewer Pipe, Cement.
A carload of each. Get Prices.

Baby Carriages,
\$2.50 to \$25

Refrigerators,
\$9.50 to \$50

Porch Screens,
\$1.25 to \$2.50

Ice Chests, \$5 to \$10

**NEW PERFECTION
Oil Cook Stoves**

BEDFORD, PA.

Pennsylvania Railroad

SPRING EXCURSION

TO WASHINGTON, D. C.

THURSDAY, MAY 20, 1909

Round Trip **\$8.50** from Bedford.

PROPORTIONATE RATES FROM OTHER POINTS

Train leaves Bedford 9.20 a. m.

Connecting with train leaving Pittsburgh at 8 a. m., with through Parlor Car and Coaches. Tickets also good on trains leaving Pittsburgh at 8.25 and 8.45 p. m., and their connections. Tickets will be good returning within ten days on regular trains (except the Penna. Limited, Penna. Special, Chicago Limited, and the St. Louis Limited), and to stop-off at BALTIMORE within limit.

SEE THE CAPITAL OF THE NATION

For tickets and additional information apply to Ticket Agents or THOS. E. WATT, D. P. A., 401 Fourth Avenue, Corner Smithfield Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager

GEO. W. BOYD,
General Passenger Agent

A Few Words by Lippitt

Glasses become a pleasure when they are properly fitted to your eyes and they can only be fitted correctly by one who has studied the laws of refraction. You will make no mistake in coming to me to have your eyes examined on **TUESDAY, MAY 11**, at the *Waverly Hotel, Bedford*. If you do not need glasses I will tell you so. Remember the day, Tuesday, May 11.

DR. H. E. LIPPITT

Fine Cut Flowers

ABUNDANT IN ALL LINES. Roses, Violets, Calla Lilies, Carnations, Sweet Peas, Easter Lilies. Order of Us—Get what you want, when you want it, as you want it.

JOHN PAUL, Florist.
56 N. Centre St., Both Phones.
Cumberland, Md.

GEORGE O. FARBER, Agent,
Bedford, Pa.

POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS

Associate Judge

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Associate Judge, subject to the decision of the Democratic electors of Bedford County. J. W. HUFF, Saxon Borough.

Director of the Poor

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Director of the Poor, subject to the decision of the Democratic electors of Bedford County. J. B. CESSNA, Rainsburg Borough.

Jury Commissioner

I hereby announce myself as a candidate for the Democratic nomination for Jury Commissioner, subject to the decision of the Democratic electors of Bedford County. WILLIAM DRENNING, West Providence Township.

FARM For Sale \$7,000
Buying Farms in 14 States. Str. No. 1 Monthly Rec'd. Price 25c. Postage paid. Illustrated. Send for free copy. World's Largest Farm Dealer. Tel. 121. March 19, 1891.

Anyone wanting ice can get it of J. J. Scifert, General Ice Dealer, in both natural and artificial ice. Bell phone at residence; orders left at Rudolf Wolff's will receive prompt attention.

ROOFING, SPOUTING, ETC.

"Honest Work and Honest Prices" is our motto.

H. F. PRICE

Shop near Fisher House.

Ridgeling M. E. Charge Preaching on Sunday as follows: Ridgeling, 11 a. m.; Delfance, 3 p. m.; Coaldale, 7.30 p. m.

R. H. Colburn, Pastor

Barnett's Store



The Weather Test Proves B. P. S. the Best.

Any paint looks well when first applied. The proof of quality lies in the way paint lasts through freezing, thawing, hail, rain, and the blistering heat of summer.

B. P. S. STANDS THE TEST

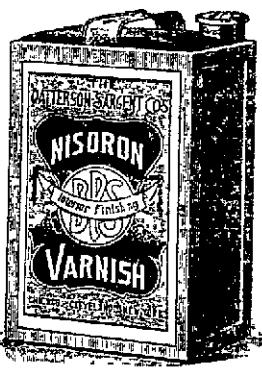
The best of materials, carefully mixed and thoroughly ground, make B. P. S. a weather-resisting paint that, when properly applied, will not wash off, chalk, crack nor peel when the weather gets at it.

BUY THE BEST—IT PAYS

Ask your dealer to send us a postal for our B. P. S. Paint Budget—a package of paint information.

THE PATTERSON-SARGENT CO.

General Offices and Factory: Cleveland, Ohio. Chicago, New York, Boston, Kansas City, St. Paul, Cincinnati.



Are you going to brighten your home this Spring? If so come here for your Paints and Varnish. We keep a good stock of the B. P. S. goods and you can rest assured of getting the highest grade on the market.



If you wish to stain floors around rugs, touch up furniture or any household articles, we know of no article so good as China Lac—35c pint. All colors in stock. All size cans. ½ pint to gallon.

Oxfords

Whether you are ready to buy low shoes now or not, we would like you to come in and see the handsome line we are showing this Spring.

Beautiful Oxfords in Tan, Pearl Color and Bronze—the newest shade. We sell the high grade Oxfords made by the Krippendorf Company and E. P. Reed.

Full lines of low Shoes for the little folks made at the great "Budd" factory.

Elegant Oxfords for men and boys at \$2 and up. Come in and see what the Heywood Shoe Company is turning out for men. Handsome hosiery to match the different colored shoes.

Silks, Silks.

Sixteen beautiful shades of elegant Silk received this week—27 inches wide, only 37½c a yard. Ideal Summer gowns.



Have you seen the Summer Number of the Quarterly Style Book? It is full of useful information and you get a free coupon good for a 15c Ladies' Home Journal Pattern.



Lots of spicy articles in the May Journal for every member of the family. Don't miss this month's copy—15c is a small price for such a good publication.



Barnett's Store



BEDFORD, PA.